SAFETY DATA SHEET

LP® FlameBlock® OSB



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : LP® FlameBlock® OSB

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g.,

brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Building and construction work

Various engineered wood building products with fire-retardant coatings.

Area of application : Industrial applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer: Louisiana-Pacific Corporation

414 Union Street, Suite 2000

Nashville, TN 37219 United States www.lpcorp.com

Telephone: 877-744-5600

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Manufacturer: 615-986-5600 (8-5 PM (CST))

Section 2. Hazards identification

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

substance or mixture H334 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H350 - May cause cancer.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist.

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Response

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Not available.

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
₩ood and Wood dust	-	≤90	-
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products	-	≤10	9003-35-4
with phenol			
Phenol Formaldehyde resin	-	≤10	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments
Protection of first-aiders

: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical powder. Water. Sand. CO2

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
₩ood and Wood dust	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable
	NIOSH REL (United States).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ Form: Respirable dust
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ Form: Total dust
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	None.
Phenol Formaldehyde resin	None.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Use only with adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g.,

brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection : Wear suitable gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

: Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the Respiratory protection

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Melting point

Physical state : Solid. Color : Various Odor Wood

Odor threshold Not available. pН Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling

point, and boiling range

Not available. Not available.

Not applicable. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not available. Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

Not applicable.

 Not available. Vapor pressure Relative vapor density Not applicable.

Relative density

Density : Not available.

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

SADT

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Not applicable. : Not available. Not available.

Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431)

Not applicable. Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not available.

Additional information

Physical/chemical properties comments : No additional information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Phenol Formaldehyde resin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: The resin present in this product is cured and therefore not likely to be released.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin

: The resin present in this product is cured and therefore not likely to be released.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Wood and Wood dust	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released. Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g.,

brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g.,

brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Other information : Adverse symptoms may include the following: mucosal and nonallergic respiratory

effects and pulmonary chronic lung disease (Wood and Wood dust).

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	-	-	Readily

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Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	3.564	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

Special precautions for user : Not available.

Transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

: Not available.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
₩ood and Wood dust	≤90	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol Phenol Formaldehyde resin	≤10 ≤10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: PARAFFIN WAX FUME

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey The following components are listed: WOOD DUSTS; PARAFFIN WAX; PARAFFIN

WAXES and HYDROCARBON WAXES

Pennsylvania The following components are listed: WOOD DUST (CERTAIN HARDWOODS AS

BEACH AND OAK) SOFTWOOD; PARAFFIN WAXES AND HYDROCARBON WAXES

California Prop. 65

♠ Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Wood dust and Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
₩ood dust Titanium dioxide	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Other special considerations: Not hazardous in solid form. If dust or fumes are generated during processing (e.g., brazing, cutting, grinding, sawing, and welding) hazardous chemicals could be released.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ØOMBUSTIBLE DUSTS	On basis of test data
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method

History

: 09/15/2021

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Section 16. Other information

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Prepared by : Sphera Solutions

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an

8-hr shift

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

References : HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard

International transport regulations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. **I**

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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